Aeronautical Systems Center

Birthplace, Home and Future of Aerospace



Low VOC, Plural Component Spray (PCS) Coatings Program

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Presentation Overview



- Program Organization
- Issues
- PCS Program Objectives
- Technical Approach
- Technical Progress





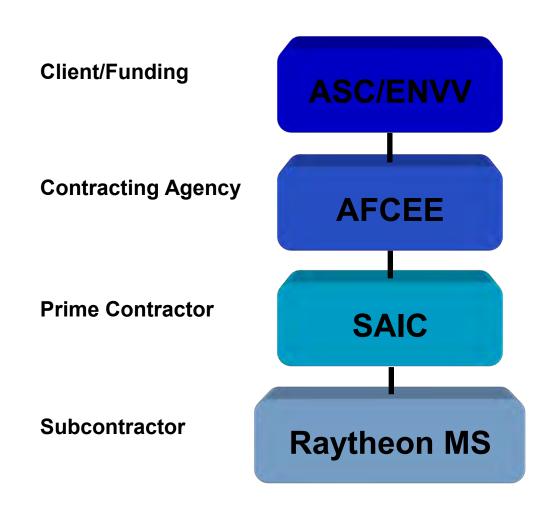
Program Organization

Issues
PCS Program Objectives
Technical Approach
Technical Progress



Program Organization









Program Organization Issues

PCS Program Objectives
Technical Approach
Technical Progress

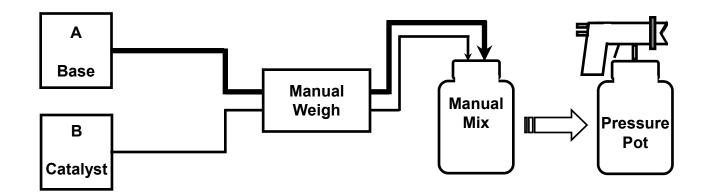


Batch Application Method



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Ad-Mixed Batch



Drawbacks

- Manual proportioning
- Not quick cure compatible
- Pot-life limitations with ad-mixed material
- Large volumes of paint and solvent waste



Aerospace Coating Issues



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Time and labor intensive

- Large required coating thickness
- Wet mils per pass limitations
- Long dwell time between passes
- Time to topcoat limited by slow cure

High VOC content

- Above targeted VOC goal
- Costly permitting, monitoring, and controlling



Environmental Impact







- VOC flash-off contributes to overall facility allotment
- Cleaning generates large volumes of hazardous waste
- Generated waste must be disposed of
- VOC monitoring and health screening burden





Program Organization Issues

PCS Program Objectives

Technical Approach Technical Progress



Program Objectives



- Reduce VOC content
 - Objective: 0 g/L; Threshold: 150 g/L
- Reduce overall production flow time
 - Increased build rate
 - Decreased cure time
- Reduce waste generation
 - Unused coating
 - Cleaning solvent
- Support follow-on efforts
 - Collect remaining cost benefit data
 - Prepare for full-scale validation



Coating Properties



Performance Measure	Objective	
VOC Content (g/L)	0	
Cure Time (hr)	66% of Baseline	
Build Rate (wet mils/pass)	≥ Baseline	
Time Between Passes (min)	≤ Baseline	
Coating Waste Generated (gal)	50% of Baseline	
Cleaning Solvent Used (gal)	50% of Baseline	
Occupational Health Risk	No Increased Risk	



Expected Program Benefits



Benefit	Result	Impact
Reduced VOC content	Reduced facility VOC emissions	Decreased permitting costsDecreased monitoring costsDecreased controlling costs
Plural Component Design	Decreased coating and solvent waste	 Decreased material usage Decreased material cost Decreased labor hours for equipment clean-up
Design	Decreased hazardous waste generation	 Decreased hazardous waste storage and disposal costs Decreased health screening costs
Increased build rate	Decreased application time	Decreased application labor hours
Improved cure package	Decreased time for full cure	Decreased production flow time





Program Organization Issues PCS Program Objectives

Technical Approach

Technical Progress

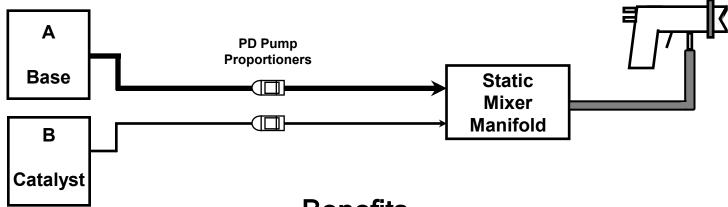


Continuous Application Method



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Plural Component Spray



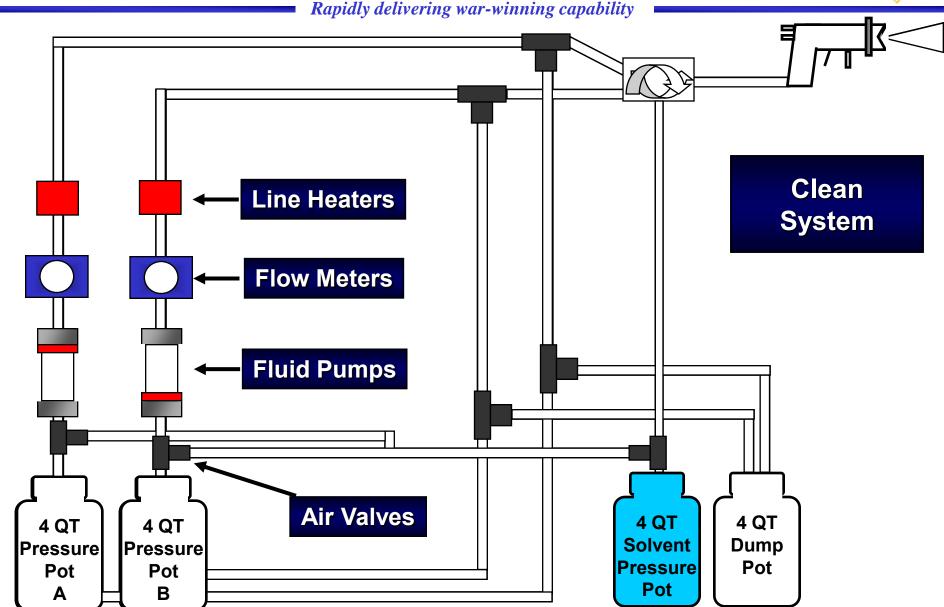
Benefits

- Automated proportioning
- Precision mixing
- Utilizes HVLP spray guns
- Accommodates quick cure coating
- Minimizes waste material
- Minimizes cleanup waste and time



Detailed PCS Schematic







Methodology - Phase I



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- Candidate Evaluation
- Cost-Benefit Data
- Future Dem/Val

Phase II Activities

Performance Testing

- Comparison to baseline material
- Full properties testing & reformulation (if needed)
- Final candidate(s) recommendations (Maximum of 2)

Screening Testing

- Comparison to baseline material
- Critical properties testing & reformulation (if needed)

Verification and Down-Selection

- Verification of vendor claims
- Limited testing & reformulation (if needed)
- Selection of screening candidates (Maximum of 5)

Material Selection and Formulation

- Industry survey of vendor products
- Evaluation against Raytheon criteria
- Selection of initial candidates

Test Plan Development

- Outline of individual tests
- Candidate performance criteria
- Identify stakeholder concerns



Methodology – Phase II



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- Candidate Qualification
- Cost-Benefit Data
- Documentation

Phase III Activities

Production Acceptance Testing

- Production size batches
- Verification of product consistency
- Critical properties testing

Demonstration Plan Development

- Programmatic document for Phases II & III
- Coordination of project stakeholders
- Promote successful technology transition

Full-Scale Demonstration

- Comparison to baseline material
- Full-scale engineering structure
- Application & usage properties

Phase I Activities



Methodology – Phase III



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- Documentation
- Implementation

Transition Activities

- Present project results to engineering change boards
- Acquire government and contractor approvals
- Include PCS technology within all relevant QPLs and TOs

Cost & Performance Report

- Technology overview
- Cost and performance assessments
- Identification of implementation issues

Final Report

- Project overview
- Summary of test results
- Support documents

Full-Scale Validation

- Production spray equipment
- Optimization of critical application parameters
- Comparison to baseline material

Phase II Activities



Demonstration Plan Development



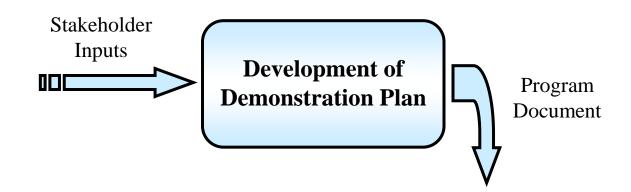
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Consideration of

- Performance & application parameters
- Barriers to implementation
- Initial cost-benefit analysis

Guidance

- Full-scale demonstration (Phase II)
- Production acceptance testing (Phases II & III)
- Full-scale validation (Phase III)





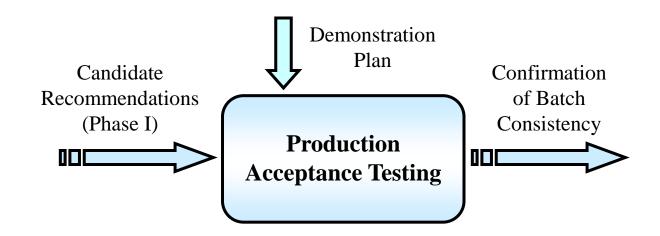
Production Acceptance Testing



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Production Consistency

- Between batches
- Within batches
- Phase II
 - Two production-sized batches
 - Two PCS candidates





Full-Scale Demonstration



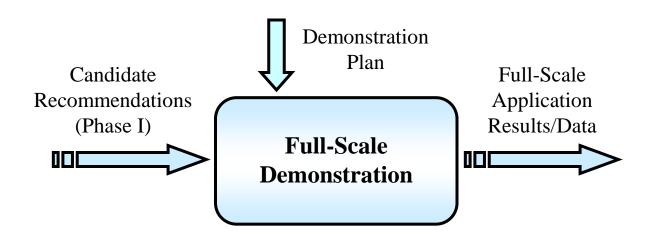
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Demonstration of application properties

- Spray-up engineering prototype/structure
- Two PCS candidates & baseline

Compare

- Application performance
- Cost metrics
- Spray data/results





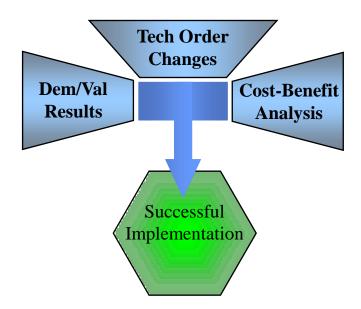
Follow-On Efforts



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Plan Full-Scale Validation

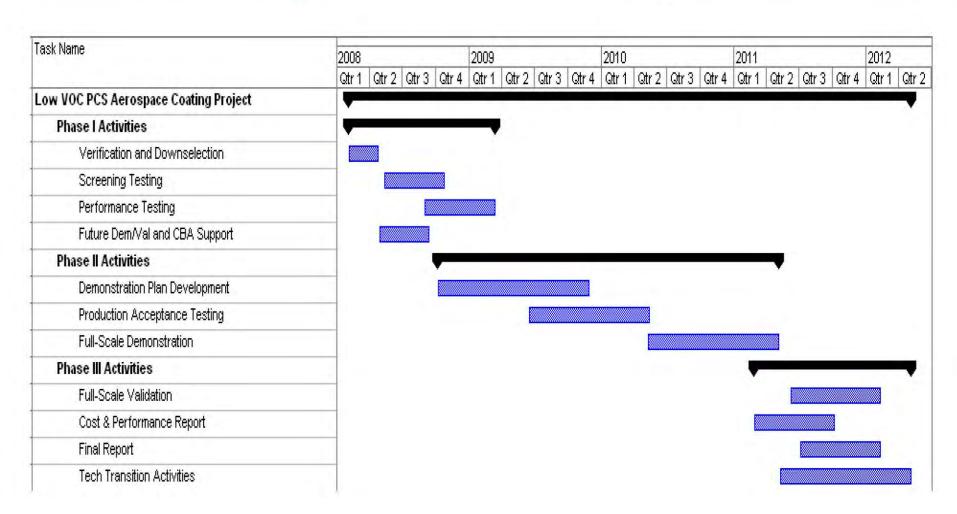
- Suggested Raytheon facility
- Identify window of opportunity
- Complete Data Collection
 - Collect facility baseline & PCS cost data
 - Identify technology transition timeframe





Task Plan









Program Organization Issues PCS Program Objectives Technical Approach Technical Progress



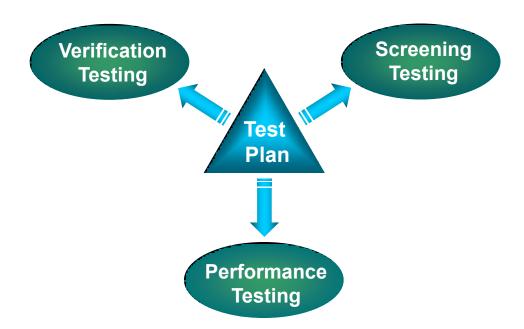
Test Plan Development



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Test Plan – Delivered

- Outlines all material testing by phase
- Describes test procedures
- Identifies associated pass/fail criteria
- Documents test and control panel quantities





Material Selection and Formulation



- MS&F Completed
 - Vendors submitted candidate coatings
 - Candidates identified
 - Transitioned to next stage





Verification and Down-Selection



- V&D Completed
 - Candidate materials procured
 - Spray evaluation completed
 - Limited testing accomplished
 - No product reformulations
 - All candidates demonstrated potential
 - Transitioned to next stage





Screening & Performance Testing



- S&PT Completed
 - Candidate materials procured
 - Robust performance testing accomplished
 - No product reformulations
 - Recent down-selection decision
 - Two candidates move onto full-scale Phase II activities



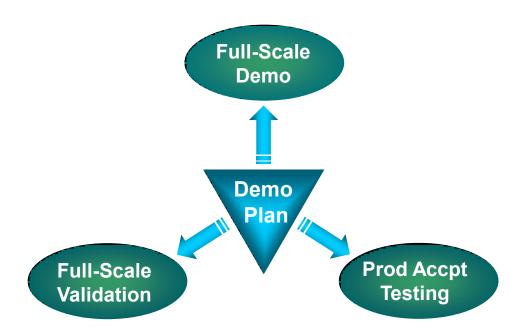




Demo Plan Development



- Demonstration Plan Draft Development
 - Populating document with required information
 - Gathering inputs from stakeholders
 - Demo Plan approval projected for Q4 2009





Summary



- Current Aerospace Coatings Application Methods
 - Batch mixed
 - Continuous (plural component spray)
- PCS Program Goals
 - Identify promising candidates
 - Confirm full-scale applicability
 - Qualify & implement PCS alternative
- Expected Environmental Benefits of PCS Technology
 - Reduced VOC content
 - Reduced overall application and cure times
 - Reduced hazardous waste generation
 - Reduced labor hours for clean-up
- Status
 - Candidate material test matrix identified
 - Candidate performance testing completed
 - Down-selection decision occurred (Phase I close-out)
 - Phase II activities beginning





Questions?



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